Procedure Title: Title IX Sexual Harassment

1. Overview

Central Arizona College will act on any formal or informal notice/complaint of violation of the Title IX Sexual Harassment policy (“the Policy”) that is received by the Title IX Coordinator or any other Official with Authority by applying these procedures.

The procedures below apply only to qualifying allegations of sexual harassment as defined by Title IX (including sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking, as defined above) involving students, staff, administrator, or faculty members. Allegations of sexual harassment and discrimination that does not meet the requirements of Title IX, 34 CFR Part 106.30, may be referred to the Dean of Student’s Office (for alleged violations of the Student Code of Conduct) or to the Talent Development Department (for alleged violations of Talent Development Policies).

2. Notice/Complaint

Upon receipt of a complaint or notice to the Title IX Coordinator of an alleged violation of this Policy, Central Arizona College will initiate a prompt initial assessment to determine the next steps. Central Arizona College will initiate at least one of three responses:

1) Offering supportive measures because the Complainant does not want to proceed formally;
2) Offering supportive measures and initiating an informal resolution; or
3) Offering supportive measures and initiating a Formal Grievance Process including an investigation and a hearing to determine whether or not the Policy has been violated.

3. Initial Assessment

Following receipt of notice or a complaint of an alleged violation of this Policy, the Title IX Coordinator (or designee) engages in an initial assessment, which is typically one (1) to five (5) business days in duration.

For more information related to the Initial Assessment, please see the Title IX Procedures for Alleged Title IX Violations document.

4. Emergency Removal

In the event an emergency removal is considered, the Title IX Coordinator will follow the procedures outlined in Section VIII of this policy.
5. Dismissal (Mandatory and Discretionary)

Mandatory Dismissal: The Title IX Coordinator must dismiss a formal complaint or any allegations therein if, at any time during the investigation or hearing, it is determined that:

a. The conduct alleged in the formal complaint would not constitute sexual harassment as defined in the Policy hereinabove, even if proved; and/or
b. The conduct did not occur in an educational program or activity controlled by Central Arizona College (including buildings or property controlled by recognized student organizations), and/or Central Arizona College does not have control of the Respondent; and/or
c. The conduct did not occur against a person in the United States; and/or
d. At the time of filing a formal complaint, a Complainant is not participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activity of Central Arizona College.

Discretionary Dismissal: The Title IX Coordinator may choose to dismiss a formal complaint or any allegations therein if, at any time during the investigation or hearing:

a. A Complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the Complainant would like to withdraw the formal complaint or any allegations therein. A Complainant who decides to withdraw a complaint may later request to reinstate it or refile it; or
b. The Respondent is no longer enrolled in or employed by Central Arizona College; or
c. Specific circumstances prevent Central Arizona College from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination as to the formal complaint or allegations therein.

Upon any dismissal, Central Arizona College will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the rationale for doing so simultaneously to the parties.

Discretionary dismissal decisions may be appealed by any party under the procedures for appeal below.

6. Counterclaims

Central Arizona College is obligated to ensure that the grievance process is not abused for retaliatory purposes. Central Arizona College permits the filing of counterclaims but uses an initial assessment, described above, to assess whether the allegations in the counterclaim are made in good faith. Counterclaims made with retaliatory intent will not be permitted and may constitute a violation of this policy.

Counterclaims determined to have been reported in good faith will be processed using the grievance procedures below. Investigation of such claims may take place after resolution of the underlying initial allegation, in which case a delay may occur.
Counterclaims may also be resolved through the same investigation as the underlying allegation, at the discretion of the Title IX Coordinator.

**7. Right to an Advisor**

The parties may each have an Advisor of their choice. The Advisor may be a friend, mentor, family member, attorney, or any other individual a party chooses to advise, support, and/or consult with them throughout the resolution process. The parties may choose Advisors from inside or outside of the Central Arizona College community. The Advisor may be present with the Complainant or Respondent for all of their meetings and interviews within the resolution process, if they so choose.

The parties may select whoever they wish to serve as their Advisor as long as the Advisor is eligible and available. “Available” means the party cannot insist on an Advisor who simply doesn’t have inclination, time, or availability. Also, the Advisor cannot have institutionally conflicting roles, such as being a Title IX administrator who has an active role in the matter, or a supervisor who must monitor and implement sanctions.

Choosing an Advisor who is also a witness in the process creates potential for bias and conflict-of-interest. A party who chooses an Advisor who is also a witness can anticipate that issues of potential bias will be explored by the hearing Decision-maker.

If the parties choose an Advisor from the pool available from Central Arizona College, the Advisor will be trained by Central Arizona College and be familiar with Central Arizona College’s resolution process. If the parties choose an Advisor from outside the pool of those identified by Central Arizona College, the Advisor may not have been trained by Central Arizona College and may not be familiar with Central Arizona College policies and procedures.

Parties also have the right to choose not to have an Advisor in the initial stages of the resolution process, prior to a hearing.

For more information regarding the training received by an Advisor, please see the Advisors FAQ.

a. Advisors in Hearings/Central Arizona College-Appointed Advisor

Under U.S. Department of Education regulations applicable to Title IX, cross-examination is required during the hearing, but must be conducted by the parties’ Advisors. The parties are not permitted to directly cross-examine each other or any witnesses. If a party does not have an Advisor for a hearing, Central Arizona College will appoint a trained Advisor for the limited purpose of conducting any direct and cross-examination.
A party may reject this appointment and choose their own Advisor, but they may not proceed without an Advisor. If the party’s Advisor will not conduct cross-examination, Central Arizona College will appoint an Advisor who will do so thoroughly, regardless of the participation or nonparticipation of the advised party in the hearing itself. Extensive questioning of the parties and witnesses will also be conducted by the Decision-maker during the hearing.

b. Pre-Interview Meetings

Advisors may request to meet with the administrative officials conducting interviews/meetings in advance of these interviews or meetings. This pre-meeting allows Advisors to clarify and understand their role and Central Arizona College’s policies and procedures.

c. Advisor Violations of Central Arizona College Policy

All Advisors are subject to the same Central Arizona College policies and procedures, whether they are attorneys or not. Advisors are expected to advise without disrupting proceedings. Advisors may not address Central Arizona College officials in a meeting or interview unless invited to (e.g., asking procedural questions). The Advisor may not make a presentation or represent their advisee during any meeting or proceeding and may not speak on behalf of the advisee to the Investigator(s) or other Decision-maker except during a hearing proceeding, during cross-examination.

The parties are expected to ask and respond to questions on their own behalf throughout the investigation phase of the resolution process. Although the Advisor generally may not speak on behalf of their advisee, the Advisor may consult with their advisee, either privately as needed, or by conferring or passing notes during any resolution process meeting or interview. For longer or more involved discussions, the parties and their Advisors should ask for breaks to allow for private consultation.

Any Advisor who oversteps their role as defined by this policy will be warned only once. If the Advisor continues to disrupt or otherwise fails to respect the limits of the Advisor role, the meeting will be ended, or other appropriate measures implemented. Subsequently, the Title IX Coordinator will determine how to address the Advisor’s non-compliance and future role.

d. Sharing Information with the Advisor

Parties may share documentation and evidentiary information directly with their Advisor or other individuals if they wish. Doing so may help the parties participate more meaningfully in the resolution process.

Central Arizona College also provides a FERPA consent form that authorizes Central Arizona College to share such information directly with their Advisor. The parties must either complete and submit this form to the Title IX Coordinator or provide similar documentation demonstrating
consent to a release of information to the Advisor before Central Arizona College is able to share records with an Advisor.

If a party requests that all communication be made solely through their attorney Advisor, Central Arizona College will not comply with that request.

e. Privacy of Records Shared with Advisor

Advisors are expected to maintain the privacy of the records shared with them. These records may not be shared with third parties, disclosed publicly, or used for purposes not explicitly authorized by Central Arizona College. Central Arizona College may seek to restrict the role of any Advisor who does not respect the sensitive nature of the process or who fails to abide by Central Arizona College’s privacy expectations.

f. Expectations of an Advisor

Central Arizona College generally expects an Advisor to adjust their schedule to allow them to attend Central Arizona College meetings when planned. At the sole discretion of the Title IX Coordinator, scheduled meetings may be changed to accommodate an Advisor’s inability to attend. Such discretion is limited to weighing if doing so does not cause an unreasonable delay. The decision to change meetings dates and times is final.

Central Arizona College may also make reasonable provisions to allow an Advisor who cannot attend in person to attend a meeting by telephone, video conferencing, or other similar technologies as may be convenient and available.

g. Expectations of the Parties with Respect to Advisors

A party may elect to change Advisors during the process and is not obligated to use the same Advisor throughout. The parties are expected to inform the Investigator(s) of the identity of their Advisor at least two (2) business days before the date of their first meeting with Investigators (or as soon as possible if a more expeditious meeting is necessary or desired).

The parties are expected to provide timely notice to the Title IX Coordinator if they change Advisors at any time. It is assumed that if a party changes Advisors, consent to share information with the previous Advisor is terminated, and a release for the new Advisor must be secured. Parties are expected to inform the Title IX Coordinator of the identity of their hearing Advisor at least two (2) business days before the hearing.

8. Resolution Processes

Resolution proceedings are private. All persons present at any time during the resolution process are expected to maintain the privacy of the proceedings in accordance with Central Arizona College policy. While there is an expectation of privacy around what Investigators share with
parties during interviews, the parties have discretion to share their own knowledge and evidence with others if they so choose. Central Arizona College encourages parties to discuss this with their Advisors before doing so.

**a. Informal Resolution**

Informal Resolution can include three different approaches:

- When the parties agree to resolve the matter through an alternate resolution mechanism, such as mediation.
- When the Respondent accepts responsibility for violating policy, and desires to accept a sanction and end the resolution process; or
- When the Title IX Coordinator can resolve the matter informally by providing supportive measures to remedy the situation.

To initiate Informal Resolution, a Complainant needs to submit a formal complaint, as defined above. If a Respondent wishes to initiate Informal Resolution, they should contact the Title IX Coordinator to so indicate.

It is not necessary to pursue Informal Resolution first in order to pursue a Formal Grievance Process, and any party participating in Informal Resolution can stop the process at any time and begin or resume the Formal Grievance Process.

Prior to implementing an Informal Resolution, Central Arizona College will provide the parties with written notice of the reported misconduct and any sanctions or measures that may result from participating in such a process, including information regarding any records that will be maintained or shared by Central Arizona College.

Central Arizona College will obtain voluntary, written confirmation that all parties wish to resolve the matter through Informal Resolution before proceeding and will not pressure the parties to participate in Informal Resolution.

**For more information about the Informal Resolution Process, please see the Informal Resolution Process procedure document.**

**9. Formal Grievance Process**

The Formal Grievance Process relies on a pool of administrators (“the Pool”) to carry out the process. Members of the Pool are announced in an annual distribution of this policy to all students, parents/guardians of students, employees, prospective students, and prospective employees. They are also listed in the Annual Title IX Report published by the Title IX Office.
For more information regarding the Formal Grievance Pool—including selection, training, and responsibilities—please see the Formal Grievance Pool information sheet.


The Title IX Coordinator will provide written notice of the investigation and allegations (the “NOIA”) to the Respondent upon commencement of the Formal Grievance Process. This facilitates the Respondent’s ability to prepare for the interview and to identify and choose an Advisor to accompany them. The NOIA is also copied to the Complainant, who is to be given advance notice of when the NOIA will be delivered to the Respondent.

The NOIA will include:

- A meaningful summary of all of allegations,
- The identity of the involved parties (if known),
- The precise misconduct being alleged,
- The date and location of the alleged incident(s) (if known),
- The specific policies implicated,
- A description of the applicable procedures,
- A statement of the potential sanctions/responsive actions that could result,
- A statement that Central Arizona College presumes the Respondent is not responsible for the reported misconduct unless and until the evidence supports a different determination,
- A statement that determinations of responsibility are made at the conclusion of the process and that the parties will be given an opportunity to inspect and review all directly related and/or relevant evidence obtained during the review and comment period,
- A statement about Central Arizona College’s policy on retaliation,
- Information about the privacy of the process,
- Information on the need for each party to have an Advisor of their choosing and suggestions for ways to identify an Advisor,
- A statement informing the parties that Central Arizona College’s Policy prohibits knowingly making false statements, including knowingly submitting false information during the resolution process,
- Detail on how the party may request disability accommodations during the interview process,
- A link to Central Arizona College’s VAWA Brochure,
- A suggested date and time for an initial meeting (proper time will be given to allow for the selection of an advisor)
- The name(s) and contact information of the individual(s) from the Grievance Process Pool that will conduct the investigation.
• Information on raising concerns with regard to a conflict of interest or bias by the Investigator(s) or the Title IX Coordinator.
• An instruction to preserve any evidence that is directly related to the allegations.

Amendments and updates to the NOIA may be made as the investigation progresses and more information becomes available regarding the addition or dismissal of various charges.

Notice will be made in writing and may be delivered by one or more of the following methods: in person, mailed to the local or permanent address(es) of the parties as indicated in official Central Arizona College records, or emailed to the parties’ Central Arizona College-issued email or designated accounts. Once mailed, emailed, and/or received in-person, notice will be presumptively delivered.

11. Resolution Timeline

Central Arizona College will make a good faith effort to complete the resolution process within a sixty-to-ninety (60-90) business day time period, including appeal, which can be extended as necessary for appropriate cause by the Title IX Coordinator, who will provide notice and rationale for any extensions or delays to the parties as appropriate, as well as an estimate of how much additional time will be needed to complete the process.

Any time the general timeframes for resolution outlined in Central Arizona College procedures will be delayed, Central Arizona College will provide written notice to the parties of the delay, the cause of the delay, and an estimate of the anticipated additional time that will be needed as a result of the delay.

12. Appointment of Investigators

Once the decision to commence a formal investigation is made, the Title IX Coordinator shall appoint a team of two (2) investigators to investigate the allegations. Appointment of investigators typically occurs within two (2) business days of determining that an investigation should proceed.

13. Ensuring Impartiality

Any individual materially involved in the administration of the resolution process may neither have nor demonstrate a conflict of interest or bias for a party generally, or for a specific Complainant or Respondent. The parties may, at any time during the resolution process contact the Title IX Coordinator to raise a concern regarding bias or conflict of interest. The Title IX Coordinator will ensure impartiality by ensuring there are no actual or apparent conflicts of interest or disqualifying biases to raise any concern involving bias or conflict of interest by the Title IX Coordinator, the parties may contact the Vice President of Student Services.
The Formal Grievance Process involves an objective evaluation of all relevant inculpatory and exculpatory evidence obtained. Credibility determinations may not be based solely on an individual’s status or participation as a Complainant, Respondent, or witness.

Central Arizona College operates with the presumption that the Respondent is not responsible for the reported misconduct unless and until the Respondent is determined to be responsible for a policy violation by the applicable preponderance of the evidence standard.

14. Delays in the Investigation Process and Interactions with Law Enforcement

Central Arizona College may undertake a short delay in its investigation if circumstances require. Such circumstances include, but are not limited to: a request from law enforcement to temporarily delay the investigation, the need for language assistance, the absence of parties and/or witnesses, and/or accommodations for disabilities or health conditions.

Central Arizona College will communicate in writing the anticipated duration of the delay and reason to the parties and provide the parties with status updates if necessary. Central Arizona College will promptly resume its investigation and resolution process as soon as feasible. During such a delay, Central Arizona College will implement supportive measures as deemed appropriate.

Central Arizona College action(s) are not typically altered or precluded on the grounds that civil or criminal charges involving the underlying incident(s) have been filed or that criminal charges have been dismissed or reduced.

15. The Investigation Process

All investigations are thorough, reliable, impartial, prompt, and fair. Investigations involve interviews with all relevant parties and witnesses; obtaining available, relevant evidence; and identifying sources of expert information, as necessary.

All parties have a full and fair opportunity, through the investigation process, to suggest witnesses and questions, to provide evidence and expert witnesses, and to fully review and respond to all evidence on the record.

For additional information regarding steps in the investigative process, please see the Investigative Process document.

16. Role and Participation of Witnesses in the Investigation

Witnesses (as distinguished from the parties) who are employees of Central Arizona College are expected to cooperate with and participate in Central Arizona College’s investigation and resolution process. Failure of such witnesses to cooperate with and/or participate in the investigation or resolution process constitutes a violation of policy and may warrant discipline.
While in-person interviews for parties and all potential witnesses are ideal, circumstances (e.g., study abroad, summer break) may require individuals to be interviewed remotely. Skype, Zoom, FaceTime, WebEx, or similar technologies may be used for interviews if the Investigator(s) determine that timeliness or efficiency dictate a need for remote interviewing. Central Arizona College will take appropriate steps to reasonably ensure the security/privacy of remote interviews.

Witnesses may also provide written statements in addition to being interviewed.

17. **Recording of Interviews**

No audio or video recording of any kind is permitted during investigation meetings, except for recordings initiated by Central Arizona College.

18. **Evidentiary Considerations in the Investigation**

The investigation does not consider: 1) incidents not directly related to the possible violation, unless they evidence a pattern; 2) the character of the parties; or 3) questions and evidence about the Complainant’s sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior, unless such questions and evidence about the Complainant’s prior sexual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the Respondent committed the conduct alleged by the Complainant, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the Complainant’s prior sexual behavior with respect to the Respondent and are offered to prove consent.

19. **Referral for Hearing**

Provided that the complaint is not resolved through Informal Resolution, once the final investigation report is shared with the parties, the Title IX Coordinator will refer the matter for a hearing.

The hearing cannot be less than ten (10) business days from the conclusion of the investigation, when the final investigation report is made available to the Parties and the Decision-maker for review and comment, unless all parties and the Decision-maker agree to an expedited timeline. This agreement must be in writing.

The Title IX Coordinator will select a decision-maker that is hired from a list of approved attorneys for any hearing held under the Title IX policy.
20. Hearing Decision-maker Composition

Central Arizona College will designate a single Decision-maker. The single Decision-maker will also Chair the hearing. The Decision-maker will not have had any previous involvement with the investigation. The Decision-maker is an out-sourced position that will have had no previous involvement in the matter at hand.

21. Evidentiary Considerations in the Hearing

Any evidence that the Decision-maker determines is relevant and credible may be considered. The hearing does not consider:

1) incidents not directly related to the possible violation, unless they evidence a pattern;
2) the character of the parties; or
3) questions and evidence about the Complainant’s sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior, unless such questions and evidence about the Complainant’s prior sexual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the Respondent committed the conduct alleged by the Complainant, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the Complainant’s prior sexual behavior with respect to the Respondent and are offered to prove consent.

Previous disciplinary action of any kind involving the Respondent may be considered in determining an appropriate sanction upon a determination of responsibility. This information is only considered at the sanction stage of the process.

The parties, if they so choose, may submit a written impact statement prior to the hearing for the consideration of the Decision-maker at the sanction stage of the process when a determination of responsibility is reached.

After post-hearing deliberation, the Decision-maker renders a determination based on the preponderance of the evidence--whether it is more likely than not that the Respondent violated the Policy as alleged.

22. Notice of Hearing

No less than ten (10) business days prior to the hearing, the Title IX Coordinator will send notice of the hearing to the parties. Once mailed, emailed, and/or received in-person, notice will be presumptively delivered.

The notice will contain:
• A description of the alleged violation(s), a list of all policies allegedly violated, a description of the applicable procedures, and a statement of the potential sanctions/responsive actions that could result.
• The time, date, and location of the hearing and a reminder that attendance is mandatory, superseding all other campus activities.
• Any technology that will be used to facilitate the hearing.
• A list of all those who will attend the hearing, along with an invitation to object to any Decision-maker on the basis of demonstrated bias. This must be raised with the Title IX Coordinator at least two (2) business days prior to the hearing.
• Information on how the hearing will be recorded and on access to the recording for the parties after the hearing.
• A statement that if any party or witness does not appear at the scheduled hearing, the hearing may be held in their absence.
• Notification that the parties may have the assistance of an Advisor of their choosing at the hearing and will be required to have one present for any questions they may desire to ask. The party must notify the Title IX Coordinator if they do not have an Advisor, and Central Arizona College will appoint one. Each party must have an Advisor present. There are no exceptions.
• A copy of all the materials provided to the Decision-maker about the matter, unless they have been provided already.
• An invitation to each party to submit to the Decision-maker an impact statement prehearing that the Decision-maker will review during any sanction determination.
• An invitation to contact the Title IX Coordinator to arrange any disability accommodations, language assistance, and/or interpretation services that may be needed at the hearing, at least seven (7) business days prior to the hearing.
• Direction that the parties may not bring mobile phones/devices into the hearing.

Hearings for possible violations that occur near or after the end of an academic term (assuming the Respondent is still subject to this Policy) and are unable to be resolved prior to the end of term will typically be held immediately after the end of the term or during the summer, as needed, to meet the resolution timeline followed by Central Arizona College and remain within the 60-90 business day goal for resolution.

In these cases, if the Respondent is a graduating student, a hold may be placed on graduation and/or official transcripts until the matter is fully resolved (including any appeal). A student facing charges under this Policy is not in good standing to graduate.
PROCEDURE

23. Virtual Hearings
All hearings will occur virtually. The Title IX Coordinator will arrange to use technology to allow remote testimony without compromising the fairness of the hearing.

24. Pre-Hearing Preparation
The decision-maker, or designee, after any necessary consultation with the parties, Investigator(s) and/or Title IX Coordinator, will provide the names of persons who will be participating in the hearing, all pertinent documentary evidence, and the final investigation report to the parties at least ten (10) business days prior to the hearing. During the ten (10) business day period prior to the hearing, the parties have the opportunity to review and comment on the final investigation report and available evidence.

The decision-maker, or designee will also provide the parties a copy of the pre-hearing preparation checklist/document.

25. Hearing Procedures
At the hearing, the Decision-maker has the authority to hear and make determinations on all allegations of sexual harassment and/or retaliation and may also hear and make determinations on any additional alleged policy violations that have occurred in concert with the discrimination, harassment, and/or retaliation, even though those collateral allegations may not specifically fall within the Title IX Policy.

Participants at the hearing will include the decision-maker, the hearing facilitator, the Investigator(s) who conducted the investigation, the parties, Advisors to the parties, any called witnesses, the Title IX Coordinator and anyone providing authorized accommodations or assistive services.

The decision-maker will answer all questions of procedure. Anyone appearing at the hearing to provide information will respond to questions on their own behalf.

The decision-maker will allow witnesses who have relevant information to appear at a portion of the hearing in order to respond to specific questions from the Decision-maker and the parties and will then be excused.

26. Joint Hearings
In hearings involving more than one Respondent or in which two (2) or more Complainants have accused the same individual of substantially similar conduct, the default procedure will be to hear the allegations jointly.
However, the Title IX Coordinator may permit the investigation and/or hearings pertinent to each Respondent to be conducted separately if there is a compelling reason to do so. In joint hearings, separate determinations of responsibility will be made for each Respondent with respect to each alleged policy violation.

27. Refusal to Submit to Cross-Examination and Inferences

The Decision-maker may not draw any inference solely from a party’s or witness’s absence from the hearing or refusal to answer cross-examination or other questions.

If charges of policy violations other than sexual harassment are considered at the same hearing, the Decision-maker may consider all evidence it deems relevant.

If a party’s Advisor of choice refuses to comply with Central Arizona College’s established rules of decorum for the hearing, Central Arizona College may require the party to use a different Advisor. If a Central Arizona College -provided Advisor refuses to comply with the rules of decorum, Central Arizona College may provide that party with a different Advisor to conduct cross-examination on behalf of that party.

28. Recording Hearings

Hearings (but not deliberations) are recorded by Central Arizona College for purposes of review in the event of an appeal. The parties may not record the proceedings and no other unauthorized recordings are permitted.
The Decision-maker, the parties, their Advisors, and appropriate administrators of Central Arizona College will be permitted to listen to the recording in a controlled environment determined by the Title IX Coordinator. No person will be given or be allowed to make a copy of the recording.

29. Deliberation, Decision-making, and Standard of Proof

The Decision-maker will deliberate in closed session to determine whether the Respondent is responsible or not responsible for the policy violation(s) in question. The preponderance of the evidence standard of proof is used.

When there is a finding of responsibility on one or more of the allegations, the Decision-maker may then consider the previously submitted party impact statements in determining appropriate sanction(s).

The decision-maker will ensure that each of the parties has an opportunity to review any impact statement submitted by the other party(ies). The Decision-maker may – at their discretion – consider the statements, but they are not binding.

The Decision-maker will review the statements and any pertinent conduct history provided by the investigator(s) and will determine the appropriate sanction(s) in consultation with other appropriate administrators, as required.

The decision-maker will then prepare a written deliberation statement and deliver it to the Title IX Coordinator, detailing the determination, rationale, the evidence used in support of its determination, the evidence disregarded, credibility assessments, and any sanctions. This report typically should not exceed three (3) to five (5) pages in length and must be submitted electronically to the Title IX Coordinator within two (2) business days of the end of deliberations, unless the Title IX Coordinator grants an extension. If an extension is granted, the Title IX Coordinator will notify the parties in writing of the extension.

30. Notice of Outcome

Using the deliberation statement, the Title IX Coordinator will work with the Decision-maker to prepare a Notice of Outcome. The Title IX Coordinator will then share the letter, including the final determination, rationale, and any applicable sanction(s) with the parties and their Advisors within five (5) business days of receiving the Decision-maker’s deliberation statement. The Notice of Outcome will then be shared with the parties simultaneously.

Notification will be made in writing and may be delivered by one or more of the following methods: in person, mailed to the local or permanent address of the parties as indicated in official Central Arizona College records, or emailed to the parties’ Central Arizona College-issued email.
or otherwise approved account. Once mailed, emailed, and/or received in-person, notice will be presumptively delivered.

For more information about the Notice of Outcome Letter, please see the Notice of Outcome FAQ.

31. Sanctions

Factors considered when determining a sanction/responsive action may include, but are not limited to:

- The nature, severity of, and circumstances surrounding the violation(s)
- The Respondent’s disciplinary history
- Previous allegations or allegations involving similar conduct
- The need for sanctions/responsive actions to bring an end to the discrimination, harassment, and/or retaliation
- The need for sanctions/responsive actions to prevent the future recurrence of discrimination, harassment, and/or retaliation
- The need to remedy the effects of the discrimination, harassment, and/or retaliation
- The need to remedy the effects of the discrimination, harassment, and/or retaliation
- Any other information deemed relevant by the Decision-maker

The sanctions will be implemented as soon as is feasible, either upon the outcome of any appeal or the expiration of the window to appeal without an appeal being requested.

The sanctions described in this policy are not exclusive of, and may be in addition to, other actions taken or sanctions imposed by external authorities.

a. Student Sanctions

The following are the usual sanctions that may be imposed upon students or organizations singly or in combination:

- **Warning**: A formal statement that the conduct was unacceptable and a warning that further violation of any Central Arizona College policy, procedure, or directive will result in more severe sanctions/responsive actions.
- **Required Counseling**: A mandate to meet with and engage in external counseling to better comprehend the misconduct and its effects.
- **Probation**: A written reprimand for violation of institutional policy, providing for more severe disciplinary sanctions in the event that the student or student organization is found in violation of any institutional policy, procedure, or directive within a specified period of time. Terms of the probation will be articulated and may include denial of specified social privileges, exclusion from co-curricular activities, exclusion from
designated areas of campus, no-contact orders, and/or other measures deemed appropriate.

- **Eviction from Campus Housing**: A mandate that the student is required to move out of the residence halls within a specified period of time (the “Effective Date”). Terms of the eviction will be articulated and will include a no trespass notification stating that upon the Effective Date, the student is prohibited from returning to the residence halls and its surrounding areas.

- **Suspension**: Termination of student status for a definite period of time not to exceed two years and/or until specific criteria are met. Students who return from suspension are automatically placed on probation through the remainder of their tenure as a student at Central Arizona College.

- **Expulsion**: Permanent termination of student status and revocation of rights to be on campus for any reason or to attend Central Arizona College-sponsored events. This sanction will be noted permanently as a Conduct Expulsion on the student’s official transcript.

- **Withholding Diploma/Academic Transcript**: Central Arizona College may withhold a student’s diploma for a specified period of time and/or deny a student participation in commencement activities if the student has an allegation pending or as a sanction if the student is found responsible for an alleged violation.

- **Revocation of Degree**: Central Arizona College reserves the right to revoke a degree previously awarded from Central Arizona College for fraud, misrepresentation, and/or other violation of Central Arizona College, procedures, or directives in obtaining the degree, or for other serious violations committed by a student prior to graduation.

- **Organizational Sanctions**: Deactivation, loss of recognition, loss of some or all privileges (including Central Arizona College registration) for a specified period of time.

- **Other Actions**: In addition to or in place of the above sanctions, Central Arizona College may assign any other sanctions as deemed appropriate.

<b>b. Employee Sanctions</b>

Responsive actions for an employee who has engaged in harassment, discrimination, and/or retaliation include:

- **Warning – Verbal or Written**
- **Performance Improvement/Management Process**
- **Required Counseling**
- **Required Training or Education**
- **Probation**
- **Loss of Annual Pay Increase**
- **Loss of Oversight or Supervisory Responsibility**
• Demotion
• Suspension with pay
• Suspension without pay
• Termination
• Other Actions: In addition to or in place of the above sanctions, Central Arizona College may assign any other sanctions as deemed appropriate.

32. Withdrawal or Resignation While Charges Pending

Students: If a student has an allegation pending for violation of the Title IX policy, Central Arizona College may place a hold on a student’s ability to graduate and/or to receive an official transcript/diploma.

Should a student decide to not participate in the resolution process, the process proceeds absent their participation to a reasonable resolution. Should a student Respondent permanently withdraw from Central Arizona College, the resolution process ends, as Central Arizona College no longer has disciplinary jurisdiction over the withdrawn student. A student who withdraws or leaves while the process is pending may not return to Central Arizona College. Such exclusion applies to all campuses of Central Arizona College. A hold will be placed on their ability to be readmitted. They may also be barred from Central Arizona College property and/or events.

However, Central Arizona College will continue to address and remedy any systemic issues, variables that may have contributed to the alleged violation(s), and any ongoing effects of the alleged harassment, discrimination, and/or retaliation.

During the resolution process, Central Arizona College may put a hold on a responding student’s transcript or place a notation on a responding student’s transcript that a disciplinary matter is pending.

Employees: Should an employee Respondent resign with unresolved allegations pending, the resolution process ends, as Central Arizona College no longer has disciplinary jurisdiction over the resigned employee. The employee who resigns with unresolved allegations pending is not eligible for rehire with Central Arizona College or any campus of Central Arizona College, and the records retained by the Title IX Coordinator will reflect that status.

However, Central Arizona College will continue to address and remedy any systemic issues, variables that contributed to the alleged violation(s), and any ongoing effects of the alleged harassment or discrimination.

All Central Arizona College responses to future inquiries regarding employment references for that individual will include that the former employee resigned during a pending disciplinary matter.
33. Appeals

Any party may file a request for appeal ("Request for Appeal"), but it must be submitted in writing to the Title IX Coordinator within five (5) days of the delivery of the Notice of Outcome Letter. Once the five (5) days has passed, the matter will be deemed closed.

The request for appeal will be forwarded to the Appeal Chair, specifically the Vice President of Student Services for consideration to determine if the request meets the grounds for appeal (a Review for Standing).

Grounds for Appeal

Appeals are limited to the following grounds:

- Procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter;
- New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter; and
- The Title IX Coordinator, Investigators, or Decision-maker had a conflict of interest or bias for or against Complainants or Respondents generally or the specific Complainant or Respondent that affected the outcome of the matter.

If any of the grounds in the Request for Appeal do not meet the grounds in this Policy, that request will be denied by the Appeal Chair and the parties and their Advisors will be notified in writing of the denial and the rationale.

If any of the grounds in the Request for Appeal meet the grounds in this Policy, then the Appeal Chair will:

a. Notify the other party(ies) and their Advisors, the Title IX Coordinator, and, when appropriate, the Investigators and/or the original Decision-maker.

b. Provide the other party(ies) and their Advisors, the Title IX Coordinator, and, when appropriate, the Investigators and/or the original Decision-maker an emailed appeal request with the approved grounds.

c. Provide the other party(ies) and their Advisors, the Title IX Coordinator, and when appropriate, the Investigators and/or the original Decision-maker five (5) business days to submit a response to the portion of the appeal that was approved and involves them.

d. Collect any additional information needed and all documentation regarding the approved grounds and the subsequent responses and will render a decision in no more than five (5) business days, barring exigent circumstances. All decisions apply the preponderance of the evidence.
Prepare a Notice of Appeal Outcome letter and send it to all parties simultaneously, which includes the decision on each approved ground and rationale for each decision. The Notice of Appeal Outcome will specify the finding on each ground for appeal, any specific instructions for remand or reconsideration, any sanctions that may result which Central Arizona College is permitted to share according to state or federal law, and the rationale supporting the essential findings to the extent Central Arizona College is permitted to share under state or federal law.

Notification will be made in writing and may be delivered by one or more of the following methods: in person, mailed to the local or permanent address of the parties as indicated in official institutional records, or emailed to the parties’ Central Arizona College-issued email or otherwise approved account. Once mailed, emailed and/or received in-person, notice will be presumptively delivered.

All decisions by the Appeal Chair are final and may not be appealed by either party.

**Sanctions Status During the Appeal**

Any sanctions imposed as a result of the hearing are stayed during the appeal process. Supportive measures may be reinstated, subject to the same supportive measure procedures above.

If any of the sanctions are to be implemented immediately post-hearing, then emergency removal procedures (detailed above) for a hearing on the justification for doing so must be permitted within 48 hours of implementation.

Central Arizona College may still place holds on official transcripts, diplomas, graduations, and course registration pending the outcome of an appeal when the original sanctions included separation.

**34. Long-Term Remedies/Other Actions**

Following the conclusion of the resolution process, and in addition to any sanctions implemented, the Title IX Coordinator may implement additional long-term remedies or actions with respect to the parties and/or the campus community that are intended to stop the harassment, and/or retaliation, remedy the effects, and prevent reoccurrence.

These remedies/actions may include, but are not limited to:

- Referral to external counseling and health services
- Referral to the Employee Assistance Program
- Education to the individual and/or the community
- Permanent alteration of on campus housing assignments
- Permanent alteration of work arrangements for employees
- Provision of campus safety escorts
• Climate surveys
• Policy modification and/or training
• Implementation of long-term contact limitations between the parties
• Implementation of adjustments to academic deadlines, course schedules, etc.

At the discretion of the Title IX Coordinator, certain long-term support or measures may also be provided to the parties even if no policy violation is found.

When no policy violation is found, the Title IX Coordinator will address any remedial measures owed by Central Arizona College to the Respondent to ensure no effective denial of educational access.

Central Arizona College will maintain the privacy of any long-term remedies/actions/measures, provided privacy does not impair Central Arizona College’s ability to provide these services.

35. Failure to Comply with Sanctions and/or Interim and Long-term Remedies and/or Responsive Actions

All Respondents are expected to comply with the assigned sanctions, responsive actions, and/or corrective actions within the timeframe specified by the final Decision-maker (including the Appeal Chair).

Failure to abide by the sanction(s)/action(s) imposed by the date specified, whether by refusal, neglect, or any other reason, may result in additional sanction(s)/action(s), including suspension, expulsion, and/or termination from Central Arizona College and may be noted on a student’s official transcript.

A suspension will only be lifted when compliance is achieved to the satisfaction of the Title IX Coordinator.

36. Recordkeeping

Central Arizona College will maintain for a period of [at least] seven years records of:

1. Each sexual harassment investigation including any determination regarding responsibility and any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript required under federal regulation;
2. Any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the Respondent;
3. Any remedies provided to the Complainant designed to restore or preserve equal access to Central Arizona College’s education program or activity;
4. Any appeal and the result therefrom;
5. Any Informal Resolution and the result therefrom;
6. All materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, Investigators, Decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an Informal Resolution process. Central Arizona College will make these training materials publicly available on Central Arizona College’s website; and

7. Any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment, including:
   a. The basis for all conclusions that the response was not deliberately indifferent;
   b. Any measures designed to restore or preserve equal access to Central Arizona College’s education program or activity; and
   c. If no supportive measures were provided to the Complainant, document the reasons why such a response was not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances.

Central Arizona College will also maintain any and all records in accordance with state and federal laws.

37. Disabilities Accommodations in the Resolution Process

Central Arizona College is committed to providing reasonable accommodations and support to qualified students, employees, or others with disabilities to ensure equal access to Central Arizona College’s resolution process. Anyone needing such accommodation should contact the Title IX Coordinator for assistance.

38. Mandatory Training

This policy requires that annual training for the Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-maker, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process will include:

   a. The definition of sexual harassment under this policy,
   b. The scope of Central Arizona College’s education program or activity,
   c. How to conduct an investigation and grievance process including hearings, appeals, and informal resolution processes, as applicable, and
   d. How to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflict of interest, and bias.

Decision-makers will receive annual training on any technology to be used at a live hearing and on issues of relevance of questions and evidence, including when questions and evidence about the complainant’s sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant.

Investigators will receive annual training on issues of relevance to create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence.

Any materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any
person who facilitates an informal resolution process, must not rely on sex stereotypes and must promote impartial investigations and adjudications of formal complaints of sexual harassment.

39. Revision of this Policy and Procedures

This Policy and procedures supersede any previous policy(ies) addressing harassment, sexual misconduct, discrimination, and/or retaliation and will be reviewed and updated annually by the Title IX Coordinator. Central Arizona College reserves the right to make changes to this document as necessary, and once those changes are posted online, they are in effect.

During the resolution process, the Title IX Coordinator may make minor modifications to procedures that do not materially jeopardize the fairness owed to any party, such as to accommodate summer schedules. The Title IX Coordinator may also vary procedures materially with notice (on the institutional website, with the appropriate effective date identified) upon determining that changes to law or regulation require policy or procedural alterations not reflected in this Policy and procedures.

If government laws or regulations change – or court decisions alter – the requirements in a way that impacts this document, this document will be construed to comply with the most recent government regulations or holdings.

This document does not create legally enforceable protections beyond the protection afforded by state and federal laws which frame such policies and codes, generally.

9/21/2021 PLEASE NOTE: PROPOSED CHANGES/PENDING DISTRICT GOVERNING BOARD APPROVAL.
5/17/2022: APPROVED BY DISTRICT GOVERNING BOARD.
This Policy and procedures are effective August 14, 2020.

ATIXA 2020 ONE POLICY, TWO PROCEDURES MODEL. USE AND ADAPTATION OF THIS MODEL WITH CITATION TO ATIXA IS PERMITTED THROUGH A LIMITED LICENSE TO THE MARICOPA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT ALL OTHER RIGHTS RESERVED. 2020 ATIXA